

 **Take Assessment: Exam 3**

Name Exam 3

**Instructions**

**Multiple Attempts** This Test allows 2 attempts. This is attempt number 1.

**Force Completion** This Test can be saved and resumed later.

▼ **Question Completion Status:**

**Question 1****5 points** 

**Solve the inequality.**

$$4x^2 + 17x < 15$$

$$\left(-\infty, \frac{3}{4}\right)$$

$$(-5, \infty)$$

$$\left(-5, \frac{3}{4}\right)$$

$$(-\infty, -5) \text{ or } \left(\frac{3}{4}, \infty\right)$$

**Question 2****5 points** 

**Find all of the real zeros of the polynomial function, then use the real zeros to factor f over the real numbers.**

$$f(x) = 3x^3 - 5x^2 + 12x - 20$$

$$-4, -1, \frac{5}{3}; f(x) = (3x - 5)(x + 1)(x + 4)$$

$$20; f(x) = (x - 20)(3x^2 + 1)$$

$$4, \frac{5}{3}, 1; f(x) = (3x - 5)(x - 1)(x - 4)$$

$$\frac{5}{3}; f(x) = (3x - 5)(x^2 + 4)$$

**Question 3****5 points** 

**Find the indicated intercept(s) of the graph of the function.**

$$y\text{-intercept of } f(x) = \frac{(5x - 15)(x - 4)}{x^2 + 12x - 19}$$

$$(0, 3)$$

$$(0, 4)$$

$$\left(0, \frac{60}{19}\right)$$

$$\left(0, -\frac{60}{19}\right)$$

**Question 4****5 points** [Save](#)

Give the equation of the oblique asymptote, if any, of the function.

$$h(x) = \frac{8x^2 - 3x - 2}{2x^2 - 2x + 9}$$

$$y = 4x$$

$$y = 4$$

$$y = x + 4$$

no oblique asymptote

**Question 5****5 points** [Save](#)

Find all zeros of the function and write the polynomial as a product of linear factors.

$$f(x) = x^4 + 6x^3 + 17x^2 + 54x + 72$$

$$f(x) = (x - 4)(x + 2)(x - 3)(x + 3)$$

$$f(x) = (x + 4)(x + 2)(x - 3i)(x + 3i)$$

$$f(x) = (x - 1)(x - 8)(x - 3i)(x + 3i)$$

$$f(x) = (x - i\sqrt{8})(x + i\sqrt{8})(x - 3)(x + 3)$$

**Question 6****5 points** [Save](#)

Use the intermediate value theorem to determine whether the polynomial function has a zero in the given interval.

$$f(x) = -2x^4 + 2x^2 + 4; [-2, -1]$$

$$f(-2) = 20 \text{ and } f(-1) = 5; \text{ no}$$

$$f(-2) = -20 \text{ and } f(-1) = 4; \text{ yes}$$

$$f(-2) = 20 \text{ and } f(-1) = -4; \text{ yes}$$

$$f(-2) = -20 \text{ and } f(-1) = -4; \text{ no}$$

**Question 7****5 points** [Save](#)

Find all of the real zeros of the polynomial function, then use the real zeros to factor  $f$  over the real numbers.

$$f(x) = 5x^4 - 7x^3 + 17x^2 - 21x + 6$$

$$-3, -1, 1, \frac{2}{5}; f(x) = (x - 1)(5x - 2)(x + 1)(x + 3)$$

$$-3, -1, 1, -\frac{2}{5}; f(x) = (x-1)(5x+2)(x+1)(x+3)$$

$$3, \frac{2}{5}; f(x) = (x-3)(5x-2)(x^2+1)$$

$$1, \frac{2}{5}; f(x) = (x-1)(5x-2)(x^2+3)$$

**Question 8**5 points [Save](#)**Solve the inequality.**

$$x^4 < 36x^2$$

$$(-\infty, -6) \text{ or } (0, 6)$$

$$(-\infty, -6) \text{ or } (6, \infty)$$

$$(-6, 0) \text{ or } (6, \infty)$$

$$(-6, 0) \text{ or } (0, 6)$$

**Question 9**5 points [Save](#)**Solve the inequality.**

$$x^2 - 2x \geq 0$$

$$(-\infty, 0] \text{ or } [2, \infty)$$

$$[-2, 0]$$

$$(-\infty, -2] \text{ or } [0, \infty)$$

$$[0, 2]$$

**Question 10**5 points [Save](#)**Analyze the graph of the rational function for the given step.**

Find the vertical asymptote(s) and/or hole(s) for  $R(x) = \frac{4}{(x^2 - 16)(x + 2)}$ .

vertical asymptotes:  $x = 16, x = -2$

vertical asymptotes:  $x = -4, x = 4$ ; hole at  $\left(-2, -\frac{1}{3}\right)$

vertical asymptotes:  $x = -4, x = 4, x = -2$

vertical asymptote:  $x = -2$

**Question 11**5 points [Save](#)**Find all zeros of the function and write the polynomial as a product of linear factors.**

$$f(x) = x^3 + 8x^2 + 22x + 20$$

$$f(x) = (x+2)(x+3+i)(x+3-i)$$

$$f(x) = (x + 2)(x + 3 + i)(x - 3 - i)$$

$$f(x) = (x - 1)(x + 3 + i\sqrt{3})(x + 3 - i\sqrt{3})$$

$$f(x) = (x + 1)(x + 3 + i\sqrt{3})(x - 2 - i\sqrt{3})$$

**Question 12**5 points [Save](#)

**Form a polynomial whose zeros and degree are given.**

Zeros: -3, -2, -1, 1; degree 4

$$x^4 + 5x^3 + 5x^2 - 6x - 6$$

$$x^4 + 5x^2 - 6$$

$$x^4 - 5x^3 + 5x^2 + 5x - 6$$

$$x^4 + 5x^3 + 5x^2 - 5x - 6$$

**Question 13**5 points [Save](#)

**Solve the problem.**

A ball is thrown vertically upward with an initial velocity of 160 feet per second. The distance in feet of the ball from the ground after  $t$  seconds is  $s = 160t - 16t^2$ . For what interval of time is the ball more than 256 above the ground?

$$\{x \mid 2 \text{ sec} < x < 8 \text{ sec}\}$$

$$\{x \mid 7 \text{ sec} < x < 13 \text{ sec}\}$$

$$\{x \mid 1.5 \text{ sec} < x < 8.5 \text{ sec}\}$$

$$\{x \mid 4.5 \text{ sec} < x < 5.5 \text{ sec}\}$$

**Question 14**5 points [Save](#)

**Solve the problem.**

Find  $k$  such that  $f(x) = x^4 + kx^3 + 2$  has the factor  $x + 1$ .

$$-3$$

$$-2$$

$$3$$

$$2$$

**Question 15**5 points [Save](#)

**Find the domain of the rational function.**

$$f(x) = \frac{-2x(x + 2)}{3x^2 - 5x - 8}$$

$$\left\{x \mid x \neq -\frac{3}{8}, 1\right\}$$

$$\left\{x \mid x \neq \frac{3}{8}, -1\right\}$$

$$\left\{x \mid x \neq \frac{8}{3}, -1\right\}$$

$$\left\{x \mid x \neq -\frac{8}{3}, 1\right\}$$

**Question 16**5 points [Save](#)

Find the domain of the rational function.

$$g(x) = \frac{x + 5}{x^2 + 49x}$$

all real numbers

$$\{x \mid x \neq -7, x \neq 7, x \neq -5\}$$

$$\{x \mid x \neq -7, x \neq 7\}$$

$$\{x \mid x \neq 0, x \neq -49\}$$

**Question 17**5 points [Save](#)

Solve the inequality.

$$x^2 + 6x \geq 0$$

$$(-\infty, -6] \text{ or } [0, \infty)$$

$$(-\infty, 0] \text{ or } [6, \infty)$$

$$[0, 6]$$

$$[-6, 0]$$

**Question 18**5 points [Save](#)

Give the equation of the oblique asymptote, if any, of the function.

$$f(x) = \frac{2x^3 + 11x^2 + 5x - 1}{x^2 + 6x + 5}$$

$$y = 0$$

$$y = 2x - 1$$

$$y = 2x$$

$$y = 2x + 1$$

**Question 19**5 points [Save](#)

Find the vertical asymptotes of the rational function.

$$h(x) = \frac{x + 11}{x^2 - 9x}$$

$$x = -3, x = 3$$

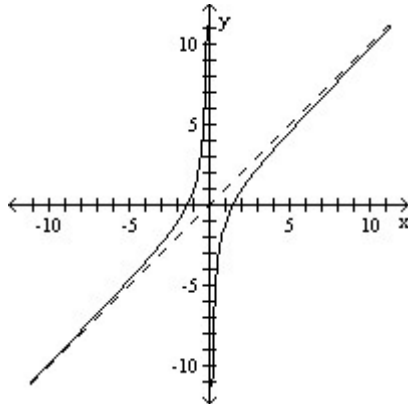
$$x = 0, x = 9$$

$$x = 9, x = -11$$

$$x = 0, x = -3, x = 3$$

**Question 20****5 points** 

Use the graph to find the vertical asymptotes, if any, of the function.



$$y = 0$$

$$x = 0, y = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

none